P-ISSN: <u>2355-5173</u> E-ISSN: <u>2656-9477</u>

# RELIGIOUS HARMONY FORUM (FKUB) STRATEGY IN INCREASING RELIGIOUS MODERATION JURISPRUDENCE IN BENGKULU PROVINCE

Khairial

Fatmawati Sukarno State Islamic University, Bengkulu khairiah@iainbengkulu.ac.id

Irsal

Fatmawati Sukarno State Islamic University, Bengkulu

bengkuluirsal@gmail.com

Nurahmah Putri

Fatmawati Sukarno State Islamic University, Bengkulu
Putryo701@gmail.com

Received: 16-04-2023

Revised: 21-04-2023

Accepted: 26-04-2023

Published On: 30-04-2023

Abstract: Religious moderation still creates difficulties for some people; this can be seen in the emergence of intolerance, radicalism, disputes, and societal conflicts because of diversity. Therefore, a strategy for the Forum for Religious Harmony is needed to neutralize this. This research will map and describe FKUB's strategy for increasing religious moderation. Using a descriptive qualitative method, data sources were obtained from primary and secondary data from District/City and Provincial FKUB institutions. The primary data includes profiling, motivation, types of difficulties, and solutions taken by FKUB administrators and members for every difficulty they experience managing the FKUB. The results of the study can be concluded that there has been an increase in religious moderation in Bengkulu Province; it can be seen that the cooperation pattern of FKUB and the community has been implemented, has carried out work programs, has carried out coordination with religious leaders and community leaders, has carried out socialization of laws and regulations that synergize safe community life, peaceful and serene, and has carried out surveillance. However, there are still several FKUBs experiencing difficulties because they do not yet have their own secretariat office, are still in boarding status, and the facilities and infrastructure are also inadequate, so the implementation of the work program is only adjusted to the existing budget from the government, even administrators spend personal funds to continue religious moderation activities. So this paper needs to conduct further research by examining comparative aspects regionally and based on varied data and methods to resolve the difficulties of FKUB's strategy in increasing religious moderation

Keywords: Strategy, Religious Harmony Forum, Religious Moderation Jurisprudence

Abstrak: Moderasi beragama masih menimbulkan kesulitan bagi sebagian orang; Hal ini terlihat dari munculnya intoleransi, radikalisme, perselisihan, dan konflik masyarakat karena keberagaman. Oleh karena itu, diperlukan strategi Forum Kerukunan Umat Beragama untuk menetralisasi hal tersebut. Penelitian ini akan memetakan dan mendeskripsikan strategi FKUB dalam meningkatkan moderasi beragama. Dengan menggunakan metode deskriptif kualitatif, sumber data diperoleh dari data primer dan sekunder dari lembaga FKUB Kabupaten/Kota dan Provinsi. Data primer meliputi profiling, motivasi, jenis kesulitan, dan solusi yang diambil oleh pengurus dan anggota FKUB untuk setiap kesulitan yang dialami dalam mengelola FKUB. Hasil penelitian dapat disimpulkan bahwa telah terjadi peningkatan moderasi beragama di Provinsi Bengkulu; terlihat bahwa pola kerjasama FKUB dengan masyarakat telah dilaksanakan, telah menjalankan program kerja, telah melakukan koordinasi dengan tokoh agama dan tokoh masyarakat, telah melakukan sosialisasi peraturan perundang-undangan yang mensinergikan kehidupan masyarakat yang aman, tentram dan tenteram, serta telah melakukan pengawasan. Namun masih ada beberapa FKUB yang mengalami kesulitan karena belum memiliki kantor sekretariat sendiri, masih berstatus asrama, serta sarana dan prasarana juga belum memadai, sehingga pelaksanaan program kerja hanya disesuaikan dengan anggaran yang ada dari pemerintah, bahkan pengurus mengeluarkan dana pribadi untuk melanjutkan kegiatan moderasi keagamaan. Maka tulisan ini perlu melakukan penelitian lebih lanjut dengan mengkaji aspek komparatif secara regional dan berdasarkan berbagai data dan metode untuk mengatasi kesulitan strategi FKUB dalam meningkatkan moderasi beragama..

Keywords: Strategi, Forum Kerukunan Umat Beragama, Fikih Moderasi Beragama



Jurnal Ilmiah Mizani: Wacana Hukum, Ekonomi, dan Keagamaan Published by Faculty of Sharia, State Islamic University of Fatmawati Sukarno Bengkulu This work is licensed under a <u>Creative Commons Attribution-ShareAlike 4.0 International License</u>

#### Introduction

The jurisprudence of religious moderation is significant to study because religious moderation is a solution so that radical and intolerant understandings do not occur, which are the most critical phenomena today. As Khairiah explains, intolerance is triggered by a group that has an extreme perspective by claiming the truth of religious interpretations accompanied by coercion so that it can threaten the integrity of society, nation and state\.¹ A lack of understanding of the term radicalism triggers radicalism. It is influenced by a view, group or community of people who lack caution in showing characteristics that should be suspected as indications of radicalism that the community does not like, so they are considered deviant.2

Antaranews- detiknews news that 3 (three) suspected terrorists were arrested in Bengkulu and Central Bengkulu City, who were members of the Jemaah Islamiyah network, which had been established in 1999. Ironically, these alleged terrorists played an essential role in society as public officials, Heads of Rukun Tetangga (RT) and administrators of the Indonesian Ulema Council (MUI) of Bengkulu City.<sup>3</sup> Misguided religious moderation has contributed to exacerbating intolerance and radicalism or terrorism.<sup>4</sup> Misguided religious moderation has contributed to exacerbating intolerance and radicalism or terrorism.

So far, studies on religious moderation examine the preconditions that are the causes and consequences of religious

<sup>1</sup>Khairiah, K. (2020). Manajemen Multikultural Dalam Berpolitik. AL Imarah: Jurnal Pemerintahan dan Politik Islam, 5(2), 169-182.

<sup>2</sup>Alfarabi, A., & Suminar, P. (2021). The Stigm and Communication Pattern of Radical- Labelled Group Communication in Bengkulu. *Mawa Izh Jurnal Dakwah Dan Pengembangan Sosial Kemanusiaan*, 12(2), 228-249.

<sup>3</sup>Antaranews-detiknews, Minggu, 13 Feb 2022, 10:14 WIB, diakses melalui https://news.detik.com/berita/d-5940116/mui-kotabengkulu-nonaktifkan-jabatan-2-tersangkatanggal 22-7-2022, pukul 08:33 WIB. Kontributor Bengkulu, Firmansyah, Editor: Gloria Setyvani Putri, Kompas.com-10/02/2022, 14:45 WIB, diakses

intolerance and radicalism. Factors causing conflicts of religious moderation include ethnicity, ideology, race. religious understanding/beliefs, cultural traditions and the dominant level found in a minority and a majority. So far, studies on religious moderation examine the preconditions that are the causes and consequences of religious intolerance and radicalism. Factors causing conflicts of religious moderation include ethnicity, ideology, race, religious understanding/beliefs, cultural traditions and the dominant level found in a minority and a majority. Salaf Islamic boarding school-based religious moderation instils moderate Islamic values in students and society, namely an understanding that balances reasoning and realistic thinking..5

From the above studies, no one has yet analyzed FKUB's strategy, which focuses on work programs assisting and coaching members and the community. Therefore, this study analyzes FKUB's strategy through mentoring and coaching programs to avoid radicalism and terrorism and to create a sense of security, comfort, peace and harmony in people's lives.

This research was carried out to complete the shortcomings of existing researchers by analyzing FKUB strategies which have implications for mutual tolerance, respect, harmony, security, peace, tranquillity and protecting human dignity. The issue of religious moderation is directly related to the FKUB mentoring and coaching program, which can affect the level of terrorism and intolerance in society.<sup>6</sup>

dengan judul penangkapan teroris di Bengkulu melalui

https://regional.kompas.com/read/2022/02/10/14455 0078/densus-88-tangkap-3-terduga-teroris-dibengkulu- salah-satunya-dosen?page=all, tanggal 21/7/2022, pukul 21.42 WIB.

<sup>4</sup>Hudaeby, W., Shoheh, M., Kibtiah, U. M., Agustini, M., & Anwar, A. S. (2021). Fenomena Salah Kaprah Dalam Memaknai Toleransi Beragama.

<sup>5</sup>Ali Nurdin, "Model Moderasi Beragama Berbasis Pesantren Salaf," ISLAMICA; Jurnal StudiKeislaman 14, no. 1 (2019): 82–102.

<sup>6</sup>Syahril, (2017), Peranan Forum Komunikasi Umat Beragama Dalam MembinaKerukunan Umat

It is crucial to know what FKUB's strategy is for moderation in religion through mentoring and coaching, which significantly contributes to creating a sense of security, comfort and peace as well as tolerance among adherents of religions. In particular, this paper wants to answer how FKUB's strategy is in religious moderation and how religious moderation is produced in various forms of discourse, practice and symbols. An understanding in-depth of religious moderation in different dimensions provides a model for problem-solving and lessons learned for preparing an action plan for handling religious moderation in Indonesia.

The research argument discussed regarding the lack of understanding of religious moderation in society can have harmful implications for solving the problem of intolerance and radicalism arising from religious moderation. Intolerance radicalism that exist in society widely have become the basis for difficulties in solving problems. An attitude or act of intolerance and radicalism can occur because FKUB's strategy in its mentoring and coaching activities is still weak in socializing the meaning of religious moderation in social life. Including moderation in daily life, namely not rash or careless, carefully considering everything before acting, implementing Islamic teachings properly and leaving all prohibitions. Thus researchers will conduct more in-depth research carried scientifically with a focus on the "Strategy of the Forum for Religious Harmony (FKUB) in Increasing Religious Moderation in Bengkulu Province."

# Literature Review The jurisprudence of Religious Moderation

Religious moderation is a middle way amid religious diversity in Indonesia. Moderation is an archipelago culture that goes hand in hand and does not negate religion and local wisdom—not contradicting each other but seeking solutions tolerantly and in the context of faith, understanding religious texts when there is a tendency for religious adherents to polarize into two extreme poles. One pole deifies the reader too much without paying attention to the ability of reason. The text of the scriptures is understood and then practised without understanding the context. Some circles refer to this pole as a conservative group. The other extreme bar, on the other hand, which is often called the liberal group, deifies reason too much so that it ignores the text itself.7

Religious moderation is a moderate understanding and practice of worship in religion, balanced, not extreme and exaggerated. Al-Quran and Hadith do not invite Muslims to commit violence, extremes and exaggeration in faith. The Al-Quran and Hadith offer that understanding and practising religion must go through a path of balance and be in a middle way so that religion seems friendly, gentle and affectionate, and harmonious in people's lives.<sup>8</sup>

Religious moderation is also an attitude to reduce violence or avoid extremes in spiritual practices. The complexity of spiritual life is facing extreme challenges and changes compared to previous times because the world is now entering an era of disruption, so even in spiritual life, we can call it spiritual disruption. Characterized by students who do not have internet access have a moderate attitude compared to those who have internet access. The millennial generation relies more on cyberspace as a source of religious learning. Students and students learn knowledge about religion from the internet, be it social media, blogs, or websites.9

Beragama di Kota Bengkulu, (Bengkulu: Jurnal Mantiq, 2017), h. 67.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Akhmadi, A. (2019). Moderasi beragama dalam keragaman Indonesia. *Inovasi-Jurnal Diklat Keagamaan*, 13(2), 45-55.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Nurdin, F. (2021). Moderasi Beragama menurut Al-Qur'an dan Hadist. *Jurnal Ilmiah Al-*Mu

ashirah: Media Kajian Al-Qur'an dan Al-Hadits Multi Perspektif, 18(1), 59-70.

FAISAL, Muhammad. MANAJEMEN PENDIDIKAN MODERASI BERAGAMA DI ERA DIGITAL. ICRHD: Journal of Internantional Conference on Religion, Humanity and Development, [S.I.], v. 1, n. 1, p. 195-202, apr. 2020.

Religious moderation is shown through the attitude of tawazun (balanced), I'tidal (straight and centred), tasamuh (tolerance), musawah (egalitarian), shura (deliberation), ishlah (reform), aulawiyah (prioritizing), tathawwur wa ibtikar (dynamic innovative).10 Religious moderation creates harmony among religious people and beliefs, makes peace in spiritual life that promotes religious moderation, respects diversity, and does not get stuck in intolerance. Religious tolerance is not to melt into each other's beliefs. Not even for exchanging thoughts with different religious groups. Tolerance here is in the sense of mu'amalah (social interaction) so that shared boundaries may and may not be violated. This is the essence of moderation within a framework of tolerance where each party is expected to be able to control themselves and provide space for mutual respect's uniqueness without feeling threatened by their beliefs or rights.11

Religious moderation is very appropriate to be applied in the life of the nation and state, especially in multicultural societies, because religious moderation is the middle way in the country and state. Religious moderation in the digital space is finding momentum as a counterweight to the flow of information, including the digital area, which is very heavy in social media. The balancing in question is counter-narrative to produce

religious framing that is substantive and essential, moderate and tolerant.<sup>13</sup>

# **Religious Harmony Forum**

FKUB is the implementation of the first principle of Pancasila. This FKUB was formed to build, maintain, and empower religious communities for harmony and prosperity. As Siswanto explained, FKUB is a forum for reducing inter-religious conflicts that once occurred for a long time in Jayapura, which have died down and transformed into a peaceful life.14 FKUB is also a conflict reducer through communication. It approaches conflict parties, such as the Ahmadiyya conflict, by listening to the aspirations of both parties, then conducting surveys and research, and empowerment in the economic field as an approach.15 FKUB is also a tool for maintaining and empowering inter-religious harmony through its roles, such as building tolerance by carrying out routine programs in the form of dialogues, seminars, outreach, speech contests and hymn competitions and harmony marches, including publishing books, making stickers, calendars and religious banners that are not routine so that the existing harmony goes well without any religious conflict because the current balance is a legacy from ancestors which continues to be maintained and developed to date. 16

FKUB is also a tool for maintaining and

ISSN 2722-7812. Available at: <a href="http://confference.iainptk.ac.id/index.php/icrhd/article/view/17">http://confference.iainptk.ac.id/index.php/icrhd/article/view/17</a>>. Date accessed: 06 july 2023.

<sup>10</sup>Fahri, Mohamad, and Ahmad Zainuri. "Moderasi Beragama Di Indonesia". *Intizar* 25, no. 2 (April 28, 2020): 95-100. Accessed July 6, 2023. http://jurnal.radenfatah.ac.id/index.php/intizar/article/view/5640.

"ABROR, M. (2020). MODERASI BERAGAMA DALAM BINGKAI TOLERANSI. RUSYDIAH: Jurnal Pemikiran Islam, 1(2), 143-155. https://doi.org/10.35961/rsd.v1i2.174

<sup>12</sup>Sutrisno, Edy. "Aktualisasi Moderasi Beragama Di Lembaga Pendidikan". *Jurnal Bimas Islam* 12, no. 2 (December 27, 2019): 323–348. Accessed July 6, 2023. https://jurnalbimasislam.kemenag.go.id/jbi/article /view/113.

<sup>13</sup>Hefni, Wildani. "Moderasi Beragama Dalam Ruang Digital: Studi Pengarusutamaan Moderasi Beragama Di Perguruan Tinggi Keagamaan Islam Negeri". *Jurnal Bimas Islam* 13, no. 1 (July 21, 2020): 1–22. Accessed July 6, 2023. https://jurnalbimasislam.kemenag.go.id/jbi/article/view/182.

- <sup>14</sup> Siswanto, E., Muhyidin, S., & Islamy, A. (2022). Pancasila Dan Kerukunan Hidup Umat Beragama: Manifestasi Nilai-Nilai Pancasila Dalam Peran Forum Kerukunan Umat Bergama Kota Jayapura. INOVATIF: Jurnal Penelitian Pendidikan, Agama, Dan Kebudayaan, 8(1), 197-215.
- <sup>15</sup> Utami, N. W. (2016). Upaya Komunikasi Forum Kerukunan Umat Beragama (FKUB) dalam Resolusi Konfl ik Ahmadiyah. *Jurnal Ilmu* Komunikasi, 13(1), 61-72.
- <sup>16</sup> Taopan, N. F., Ly, P., & Lobo, L. (2020). Peran Forum Kerukunan Umat Beragama dalam Meningkatkan Kualitas Sikap Hidup Toleransi Antar Umat Beragama di Kota Kupang. *Jurnal Pendidikan PKN (Pancasila Dan*

empowering inter-religious harmony through its roles, such as building tolerance by carrying out routine programs in the form of dialogues, seminars, outreach, speech contests and hymn competitions and harmony marches, including publishing books, making stickers, calendars and religious banners that are not routine so that the existing harmony goes well without any religious conflict because the current balance is a legacy from ancestors which continues to be maintained and developed to date.<sup>17</sup>

The primary role of FKUB is to create religious harmony in Indonesia. This policy was based on the view that religious conflicts be controlled bγ facilitating communication between religious leaders. It conducts various activities, namely dialogues with religious leaders and community leaders, accommodating and channelling community aspirations, conducting investigations and mediation. As well as FKUB also plays the role of guardian of harmony between religious communities.18

FKUB administrators and members come from various religious backgrounds: Islam, Christianity, Hinduism, Buddhism and Confucianism. Including the existence of higher education institutions which also reinforce religious tolerance because, in practice it accepts students from all backgrounds and religions and does not discriminate against one religion.<sup>19</sup> Activities involve people from various communities, such as joint prayer, kendurian, congratulations, tayub and cultural arts performances from multiple communities.

Kewarganegaraan), 1(1), 1-9.

Thus all people understand and implement the spirit of unity and uphold diversity in social life. FKUB and the government coordinate for arrangements, synchronization, shared interests and common goals and eliminate social conflict.<sup>20</sup>

### **Religious Harmony Forum Strategy**

Strategi FKUB dalam meningkatkan Religious moderation through the manifestation of Pancasila values in the role of FKUB, as follows:

- 1. The values of divinity, humanity and unity in the dialogue between religious leaders and community leaders.
- The value of deliberative democracy in accommodating and recommending religious and social aspirations as government policies.
- The value of universal justice in socializing government policies on religious moderation.

Thus this theoretical implication shows that the various social and religious values contained in Pancasila contribute significantly to fostering harmony between religious communities.<sup>21</sup>

Following the strategy, Rahman explains the five strategies of FKUB in increasing religious moderation, namely (1) the communication strategy applied by FKUB in determining communicators is to choose a guardian of harmony (district level), which is part of a religious organization according to the religion adhered to by the guardian of harmony, guardian of harmony (village level) chosen by the community itself; (2) the

Toleransi Beragama Kota Salatiga Tahun 2018. Journal of Politic and Government Studies, 8(03), 381-390.

<sup>17</sup> KRISTANTI, A., & SATMOKO ADI, A. (2019).
PERAN FORUM KERUKUNAN UMAT BERAGAMA
(FKUB) DALAM MENJAGA KERUKUNAN
ANTARUMAT BERAGAMA DI KABUPATEN
SIDOARJO. Kajian Moral Dan
Kewarganegaraan, 7(2).

https://doi.org/10.26740/kmkn.v7n2.p%p

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Ferdian, F. (2018). Fungsi forum kerukunan umat beragama (FKUB) dalam sistem sosial penciptaan kerukunan umat beragama di Kabupaten Pasaman Barat. *Islam Realitas: Journal of Islamic and Social Studies*, 4(2), 136-147.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup>Nuryani, T., & Taufiq, A. (2019). Peran Forum Kerukunan Umat Beragama dalam Memelihara

Makalew, M. N., Sambiran, S., & Waworundeng, W. (2021). Koordinasi Antara Pemerintah Dan Forum Kerukunan Umat Beragama (FKUB) Dalam Menciptakan Kerukunan Umat Beragama di Kota Manado. GOVERNANCE, 1(1).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> Siswanto, E., Muhyidin, S., & Islamy, A. (2022). Pancasila Dan Kerukunan Hidup Umat Beragama: Manifestasi Nilai-Nilai Pancasila Dalam Peran Forum Kerukunan Umat Bergama Kota Jayapura. *INOVATIF: Jurnal Penelitian Pendidikan, Agama, Dan Kebudayaan*, 8(1), 197-215.

P-ISSN: 2355-5173 E-ISSN: 2656-9477

communication strategy applied determining the analysis of audience needs is by conducting a joint review of four community groups including; permit granting groups, support groups, opposition groups, and evaluation groups; (3)communication strategy in composing the message used is persuasive, coercive and educative techniques; (4) the communication media used by FKUB are print media such as newspapers, books and brochures; and (5) so that the current dynamics of religious moderation are in harmony.<sup>22</sup>

The following strategy is through preparing steps and realizing the FKUB program as follows; (1) efforts to maintain harmony and tolerance between religious communities while at the same time preventing social conflicts from occurring, and the FKUB together with the government friendly to conduct visits religious communities; (2) disseminating regulations (PBM Numbers 9 and 8 of 2006), forming interfaith verifying youth, recommending permits for worship houses so that problems do not arise. So that the communication process between religious leaders takes place effectively because it uses dialogic forms of communication and group communication in interacting with fellow FKUB administrators and with interreligious people. Efforts to maintain religious harmony (KUB) are carried out by realizing the FKUB work program, dialogical crossreligious communication, namely religious dialogue between religious leaders, collaboration with FPLA, Regional Government, Police, MUI and other agencies and even with other figures in society, and specifically communication between religious leaders is based on Islamic broadcasts that are soft and cool.23

From the various strategies

implemented, there are still multiple difficulties, including collecting information that is not comprehensive. This incomplete information hinders the process of activities carried out by FKUB. These obstacles lead to misunderstandings that lead to conflict. Another block also occurs in the fanaticism of the people who think that what they believe in themselves and their group is the correct thing, so they tend to have an attitude of intolerance in society and lack respect for differences in terms of ideology, religious background, ethnicity and different groups. From the various strategies implemented, there are still multiple difficulties, including collecting information that comprehensive. This incomplete information hinders the process of activities carried out FKUB. These obstacles lead misunderstandings that lead to conflict. Another block also occurs in the fanaticism of the people who think that what they believe in themselves and their group is the correct thing, so they tend to have an attitude of intolerance in society and lack respect for differences in terms of ideology, religious background, ethnicity and different groups.24

#### Method

The Strategy of the Forum for Religious Harmony (FKUB) in Increasing Religious Moderation in Bengkulu Province was chosen as the research object for three reasons. First, FKUB has a strategy for realizing interreligious harmony, for example, religious supervising activities community, always opening the door for discussion or deliberation to every religious community, and not discriminating between religious-related administrative services to every religious community. Second, little attention has been paid to analyzing leadership misperceptions in education

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> Rahman, W. A. (2021). Strategi Komunikasi Forum Kerukunan Umat Beragama dalam Pengembangan Kerukunan Umat Beragama di Kabupaten Sleman. El Madani: Jurnal Dakwah Dan Komunikasi Islam, 2(02), 237-260.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Hanaviyah, J. (2018). Komunikasi Lintas Tokoh Agama Dalam Memelihara Kerukunan Umat Bergama (Studi Pada Forum Kerukunan Umat

Beragama Kabupaten Pesawaran) (Doctoral dissertation, UIN Raden Intan Lampung).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Suryawan, N. W., & Danial, E. (2016). Implementasi semangat persatuan pada masyarakat multikultural melalui agenda forum kerukunan umat beragama (fkub) kabupaten malang. *HUMANIKA*, 23(1), 46-60.

Vol. 10, No. 01, 2022 P-ISSN: <u>2355-5173</u> E-ISSN: <u>2656-9477</u>

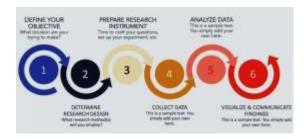
management. The existing analysis shows various errors and significant leadership errors in educational administration. Third, the Strategy Analysis of the Forum for Religious Harmony (FKUB) in Enhancing Religious Moderation in Bengkulu Province is urgently needed regarding the great potential in creating radicalism, intolerance, moral decadence, and widespread conflict. These three reasons show the difficulties in the Strategy of the Religious Harmony Forum (FKUB) in Enhancing Religious Moderation which is a crucial issue urgent to understand as the basis for the process of religious harmony in Bengkulu Province.

The types and types of research data were obtained through a qualitative method approach that was sourced from primary and secondary data. Secondary data comes from 10 FKUB institutions plus one provincial FKUB institution. The preliminary data includes profiling of FKUB management, chairman, deputy chairperson, secretary, treasurer, and FKUB members, motivation, type of difficulty, and solutions taken for each problem they experience. Secondary data consists of literacy, and presence of FHUB management, and statistics on evaluation results. Primary and secondary data are used to analyze the Religious Harmony Forum (FKUB) Strategy for Increasing Religious Moderation in Bengkulu Province.

This research involved chairpersons, deputy chairpersons, secretaries, and FKUB members as sources of information, both inperson interviews and interviews through online media (WhatsApp and telephone). Groups of chairmen, deputy chairmen, secretaries, and members of FKUB were connection presented in with experience of overcoming difficulties in increasing religious moderation. Various types of problems in increasing religious moderation through reporting, then groups of informants or respondents were identified to evaluate their position and experience as a basis for analysis of research results.

Interview data were collected randomly from February to September 2023 through 3 stages. First, secondary data is collected through stored FKUB statistics, such as data

from FKUB administrators. Second, the interview data was conducted face to face and online by telephone and video call. Interviews were conducted to obtain information and data on the difficulty level in increasing religious moderation. Before completing the interview, the researcher asked for permission and recommendations FKUB. from They were interviewed consciously and of their own free will without any coercion from any party. Various categories of data from the interviews became the basis for analyzing FKUB's strategy for increasing religious moderation. The process of data analysis using a theory similar to Huberman, M., took place through three stages of research, including; (1) Data reduction as a process of organizing data in a more systematic form; (2) Data display as an effort to present research results in tabular form (in the form of interview excerpts); and (3) data verification as a stage of data concluding, particularly following trends from the data obtained.



**Data source:** (Khairiah, 2022)

#### **Results and Discussion**

The strategy of the Forum for Religious Harmony (FKUB) in improving religious moderation education has minimized various radical and intolerant ideas, which are the most critical phenomena today. Intolerance is triggered by a group that has an extreme perspective by claiming the truth of religious interpretations accompanied by coercion so that it can threaten the integrity of society, nation, and state. A lack of understanding of the term radicalism triggers radical. It is influenced by a view, group, or community of people who lack caution in showing characteristics that should be suspected as of which indications radicalism community does not like, so they are

Docno

considered deviant. At least 3 (three) main points can be explained as follows:

- 1. The form of religious moderation education in Bengkulu Province.
- 2. The Strategy for Religious Harmony Forum in Bengkulu Province.
- 3. The Implications of the Forum for Religious Harmony strategy in improving religious moderation education in Bengkulu Province.

# **Religious Moderation**

Tabel 1 Pengalaman Pengurus FKUB dalam Meningkatkan Moderasi Beragama di Bengkulu

Respo	FKUB Management	Code
ndent	experience	
R1,	FKUB applies a pattern of	
R2,	cooperation in increasing	Applicatio
R3,	religious moderation by	n of FKUB
R4,	carrying out planned work	cooperatio
R5,	programs so that the	n patterns
R6,	people in Bengkulu	with the
R7,	Province become	community
dan	harmonious, peaceful,	
R8	and peaceful; even	
	though they have	
	different ethnicities,	
	cultures, religions, beliefs,	
	and customs, but are still	
	one in togetherness,	
	including increasing	
	supervision, and	
	coordination with	
	religious leaders,	
	traditional leaders and	
	community leaders in	
	Bengkulu Province	
	through socialization and	
	specific invitations to	
	synergize the life of a safe,	
	peaceful and peaceful	
	society.	
R1,	All elements of society	Forms of
R2,	fully support every activity	support
R3,	program carried out by	from
R4,	FKUB. Such as helping	community
R5,	clean the hall or place for	elements
R6,	FKUB activities, providing	2.2
R7,	assistance such as	
dan	drinking water, and	
R8	sometimes even providing	
	snacks to participants and	
	the implementing team of	

Respo	FKUB Management	Code	
ndent	experience		
	FKUB activities. There are		
	also religious activities		
	within the community that		
	are deemed necessary for		
	supervision by the FKUB,		
	so village officials or		
	community leaders report		
	to the FKUB correctly		
	without any violence.		
R1,	Bentuk kegiatan khusus	Forms of	
R2,	yang dilakukan FKUB di	special	
R3,	Provinsi Bengkulu melalui	activities in	
R4,	koordinasi dan pertemuan	improving	
R5,	rutin dengan tokoh	religious	
R6,	agama, tokoh adat dan	moderatio	
R7,	tokoh masyarakat, juga	n	
dan	melakukan perjalanan	education	
R8	dinas baik di kota	caaca	
	Bengkulu maupun ke		
	kabupaten-kabupaten		
	yang ada di Provinsi		
	Bengkulu. Tim FKUB juga		
	sering diundang menjadi		
	narasumber dalam upaya		
	meningkatkan moderasi		
	beragama baik di instansi		
	pemerintah maupun		
	masyarakat lokal.		
R2,	The obstacle faced is the	Obstacles	
R6,	absence of the FKUB	in	
dan	secretariat office itself, so	improving	
R8	far it is still supporting the	religious	
	MUI office in Bengkulu	moderatio	
	Province; the facilities and	n	
	infrastructure are also	education	
	inadequate, including	caacacion	
	funds are still insufficient		
	to carry out more		
	programs, so the		
	implementation of work		
	programs is only adjusted		
	to existing funds from the		
	government. We spend		
	personal funds for the		
	continuation of activities		
	in the field.		
	iii die field.		

EVIID Managament

Codo

The Forum for Religious Harmony (FKUB) is a forum for unifying the nation in building, maintaining, and empowering religious communities to be harmonious, peaceful, and prosperous. FKUB was formed by the community and facilitated by the Government to build, maintain and empower

religious communities for harmony and prosperity. As in the Joint Regulations of the Minister of Home Affairs and the Minister of Religion, respectively, Number 8 of 2006 and Number 9 of 2006 state that:

- 1. Religious harmony is a state of interreligious relations based on tolerance, mutual understanding, mutual respect, respect for equality in their spiritual teachings, and cooperation in social, national, and state life within the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia and the 1945 Constitution.
- Maintenance of religious harmony is a joint effort between religious communities and the Government in the service, regulation, and empowerment of religious congregations.
- A house of worship is a building with specific characteristics specifically used for worship for adherents of each religion permanently, excluding family places of worship.
- 4. Religious Community Organizations (Religious Organizations) are nongovernmental organizations with a national vision voluntarily formed based on the same religion by citizens of the Republic of Indonesia, have legal status and have been registered with the local Government, and are not wing organizations of political parties.
- 5. Religious leaders are religious community leaders who lead religious organizations, and those who do not lead religious organizations are recognized or respected by the local community as role models.
- FKUB is a forum formed by the community and facilitated by the Government to build, maintain and empower religious communities for harmony and prosperity.
- A committee for building a house of worship is formed by religious people, religious organizations, or administrators for a place of worship.
- 8. A Building Construction Permit (IMB) for a house of worship is a permit issued by the regent/mayor to construct a place of worship.

The experience of FKUB management in increasing religious moderation through the implementation of the FKUB collaboration pattern with the community by carrying out planned work programs, such as creating a Religious Moderation Village to build a Religious Moderation Village Monument, Pancasila Village, and Harmoni Village. So that the people in Bengkulu Province become harmonious, peaceful, and peaceful at the same time, the other pattern is to increase supervision and coordination with religious leaders, traditional leaders, and community leaders in Bengkulu Province through socialization and specific invitations to synergize the life of a safe, peaceful and peaceful community. This includes the full support of all elements of society who support every activity program by FKUB, such as helping to clean the hall or place for FKUB activities. Then FKUB forms special activities such as regular coordination and meetings with religious leaders, traditional leaders, and community leaders, as well as making official trips in the city of Bengkulu and to regencies in Bengkulu Province. The FKUB team is also often invited to be a resource person to increase religious moderation in both government agencies and the local community to increase religious moderation. The obstacles faced are that there are still FKUBs that do not have their own secretariat office, so far they are still in facilities boarding status: the infrastructure are also inadequate so that the implementation of the work program is only adjusted to available funds from the Government, even the administrators issue personal funds to continue field activities.

# Religious Harmony Forum Strategy

Table 2. The Strategy of the FKUB Management in Increasing Religious Moderation

Respo	FKUB Management	Code
ndent	experience	
R1, R2,	FKUB in Bengkulu province	Develop a
R3, R4,	has work programs, such as	work
R5, R6,	socializing work programs,	program
R7, dan	local wisdom programs,	
R8	regular meetings,	

Khairiah, et. al Vol. 10, No. 01, 2022 P-ISSN: 2355-5173 E-ISSN: 2656-9477

ndent experience  establishing houses of worship, solving problems that arise in the community and increasing religious	
worship, solving problems that arise in the community and increasing religious	
that arise in the community and increasing religious	
and increasing religious	
5 5	
moderation, supporting	
government programs,	
supervising the	
construction of places of	
worship and supervising	
the implementation or	
practice of houses of	
prayer for each religion.	
R1, R2, The Governor of Bengkulu Implemer	1
R3, R4, has ratified the system or ta system	
R5, R6, pattern of recruitment of of	
R7, dan FKUB administrators in recruiting	
R8 Bengkulu Province for five new	
years. Likewise with the members	
Bengkulu Regency/City and	
FKUB, the design or print administr	
for recruiting FKUB ators	
management and a decree	
ratified by the Bengkulu	
Regent/Mayor for five	
years.	
R1, R2, We evaluate the Supervise	
R3, R4, implementation of FKUB, monito	
R5, R6, program activities carried and	
R7, dan out in Bengkulu Province evaluate	
R8 by holding regular	
management meetings at	
the Bengkulu Province	
FKUB secretariat located	
on Jl. Ashan, Bengkulu. We	
evaluate the	
implementation of FKUB	
program activities carried	
out in Bengkulu City by	
holding regular	
management meetings at	
the Bengkulu City FKUB	
secretariat.	
R1, R2, Thank God, while assigned Follow up	)
R3, R4, to be the administrators of on the	5
R5, R6, the Bengkulu Province results o	f
R7, dan FKUB, all members and supervision	)
R8 administrators have carried n,	
out their duties and monitoring	ı
functions properly, so g and	t
there has been no evaluatio	
imposition of sanctions on n through	1
members of the board. We the	
are very grateful that provision	
members are aware of their of	
responsibilities, such as sanctions	

Respo ndent	FKUB Management experience	Code
	supervising permits to build houses of worship	and rewards
	and supervising the implementation and practice of places of worship for each existing religion. This is necessary to synergize the life of a safe, peaceful, and peaceful	
	society.	

The strategy of the FKUB management in increasing religious moderation is through understanding and implementing their primary functions and responsibilities, such as caring for and fostering harmony, peace, and harmony in religious and social life. Duties and responsibilities are following the corridors or regulations and laws that apply. In addition to this strategy, FKUB carries out outreach, deliberations, and meetings with traditional leaders, religious leaders, and community leaders, instilling an attitude of religious moderation to create a society that is smart and wise in thinking and acting primarily related to the beliefs and beliefs of each religion, sharing information about religious moderation in community. For example, in Rama Agung, there is a village of Moderation of Religion; in Rejang Lebong, there is a village of Pancasila; in Seluma, there is a village of Harmoni. Then the FKUB administrators develop a work program, implement a system for recruiting new members and new administrators, supervise, monitor, and evaluate, and follow up on the results of management, monitoring, and evaluation by giving sanctions and rewards to administrators and members. Thus the FKUB strategy can increase religious moderation in society in Bengkulu Province..

# Implications of the Strategy for Religious Harmony Forum in Improving Religious Moderation Education

Table 3. Experience of FKUB Management in the Implications of Religious Moderation in Bengkulu

Resp onde nt	FKUB Management experience	Code
R1,	FKUB has main tasks,	Conduct

Resp	FKUB Management	Code	Resp	FKUB Management	Code
onde	experience	Code	onde	experience	code
nt	скрененее		nt	скрененее	
R2,	functions, and	socialization		establishment of	
R3,	responsibilities	on the		houses of worship	
R4,	according to the	understandi	R1,	FKUB in realizing inter-	Realizing
R5,	corridors or regulations	ng and	R2,	religious harmony and	Harmony
R6,	and applicable laws and	implementa	R3,	instilling the values of	between
R7,	regulations, such as	tion of the	R4,	religious moderation in	religions
dan	caring for and fostering	main duties,	R5,	Bengkulu Province	
R8	harmony, peace, and	functions	R6,	through outreach to all	
	harmony in religious	and	R7,	levels of inter-religious	
	and social life, holding	responsibilit	dan	society about the	
	deliberations, regular	ies of FKUB	R8	importance of building	
	meetings with			mutual tolerance,	
	traditional leaders,			respect, and respect	
	religious leaders, and			between religious	
	community leaders,			communities,	
	instilling an attitude of			furthermore FKUB also	
	religious moderation to			always fosters, cares	
	create a bright and wise society in thinking and			for, and creates an atmosphere that is safe,	
	acting primarily related			peaceful, harmonious in	
	to the beliefs of each			inter-religious life.	
	religion, sharing		R1,	Maintenance of	Maintenanc
	information about		R2,	religious harmony is a	e of
	religious moderation in		R3,	joint effort of religious	religious
	community. Such as in		R4,	communities and the	harmony
	Rama Agung, there is a		R5,	government in the field	<b>,</b>
	Village of Religious		R6,	of service, regulation,	
	Moderation; in Rejang		R7,	and empowerment of	
	Lebong there is a village		dan	religious congregations.	
	of Pancasila; in Seluma		R8		
	there is a Village of		R1,	Houses of worship are	Supervise
	Harmoni,		R2,	buildings with specific	the permits
	accommodating the		R3,	characteristics	and
	aspirations of religious		R4,	specifically used for	constructio
	organizations and the		R5,	worship for adherents	n of houses
	aspirations of the		R6,	of each religion	of worship
	community, channeling		R7,	permanently, not	and
	the aspirations of		dan	including family places	committees
	religious organizations		R8	of worship. A Building Construction Permit	for the
	and the community in the form of				constructio
	the form of recommendations as			(IMB) for a house of prayer is a permit issued	n of places of worship.
	materials for the			by the regent/mayor to	or worship.
	governor's policies,			construct a house of	
	socializing laws and			worship. Religious	
	regulations and policies			people, religious	
	in the religious sector			organizations, or	
	related to religious			administrators for the	
	harmony and			house of worship form	
	community			the committee for	
	empowerment, and			making a house of	
	providing written			prayer.	
	recommendations on		R1,	Religious Community	Empowerm
	requests for the		R2,	Organizations, from	ent of

P-ISSN: 2355-5173 E-ISSN: 2656-9477

Resp	FKUB Management	Code
onde	experience	Code
nt	<b>-</b>	
R3,	now on referred to as	community
R4,	Religious Community	and
R5,	Organizations, are non-	religious
R6,	governmental	organizatio
R7,	organizations with a	ns
dan	national vision that	
R8	were formed based on	
	the equality of religion	
	by citizens of the	
	Republic of Indonesia	
	voluntarily, are legal	
	entities, and have been	
	registered with the local	
	government and are not	
	wing organizations of political parties.	
R1,	Religious leaders are	Empowerm
R1,	religious community	ent of
R3,	leaders who lead	religious
R4,	religious organizations,	leaders and
R5,	and those who do not	community
R6,	lead religious	leaders
R7,	organizations are	
dan	recognized or respected	
R8	by the local community	
	as role models.	
R1,	The Forum for Religious	Empowerm
R2,	Harmony, abbreviated	ent of
R3,	as FKUB, is a forum	FKUB, both
R4,	established by the	at the
R5,	community and	Regency/Cit
R6,	facilitated by the	y level and
R7,	government to build,	at the
dan	maintain and empower	provincial
R8	religious communities	level
	for harmony and	
	prosperity.	

The implication of religious moderation in Bengkulu province takes place peacefully and without causing disputes between religious communities. Inter-religious life in Bengkulu Province was built from a society that upholds the values of tolerance and mutual respect, respect and manifests attitudes of mutual honing, compassion, and mutual care. The Focus on Religious Harmony already has a strategy for realizing inter-religious harmony, such as by socializing the understanding implementation of FKUB duties, supervising religious activities in the community, always

opening the door for discussion deliberation to every religious community, and not discriminating between religiousrelated administrative services to every religious community. Including FKUB has created inter-religious harmony and instilled the values of religious moderation in Bengkulu Province, namely through outreach to all levels of inter-religious society about the importance of building mutual tolerance, respect, and respect between religious communities, furthermore FKUB also always fosters, cares for and creates an atmosphere that is safe, peaceful, harmonious in interreligious life.

The experience of FKUB management in the implications of religious moderation such as:

- 1. They are conducting socialization on the understanding and implementing the main tasks, functions, and responsibilities of the Forum for Religious Harmony so that a sense and implementation of high religious moderation avoid various kinds of intolerance and conflict in society.
- 2. Creating inter-religious harmony, with an attitude of religious moderation, creates mutual respect between religious communities.
- 3. Maintenance of religious harmony, with an attitude of religious moderation, fostering, caring for, and creating a safe, peaceful, and harmonious atmosphere among religious communities.
- 4. I supervise permits and construction of houses of worship and committees for the construction of places of worship because the construction of houses of worship often becomes a conflict and a problem among the community.
- They are empowering religious leaders, community leaders, and FKUB, both at the Regency/City level and the provincial level.

Thus, implementing religious moderation is critical because religious moderation can create a harmonious, peaceful, and prosperous society.

#### Conclusion

Religious moderation has increased, as seen in implementing the FKUB cooperation pattern with the community. It has carried out work programs according to plan, carried out supervision of FKUB officials and members, has coordinated with religious leaders, traditional leaders, and community leaders in Bengkulu Province, and has socialized applicable laws and regulations to synergize community life that is safe, peaceful and peaceful, involving full support from all elements of society in every FKUB activity program. Various strategies have been carried out by the Forum for Religious Harmony management to increase religious moderation, such as increasing understanding and implementation of their primary functions and responsibilities following existing regulations and laws and regulations in maintaining harmony, peace, and harmony in social life.

The implications of religious moderation in Bengkulu Province are visible:

- 1. Has carried out socialization on the understanding and implementing the main tasks, functions, and responsibilities of the Forum for Religious Harmony so that understanding and implementing high religious moderation avoids various kinds of intolerance and conflict in society.
- 2. Creating harmony between religious communities, with an attitude of religious moderation and an attitude of mutual respect, mutual respect between religious communities arises.
- 3. Maintenance of religious harmony, with an attitude of religious moderation, behavior fosters, takes care of and creates an atmosphere that is safe, peaceful, and harmonious among religious communities.
- 4. Oversees permits and construction of houses of worship services, as well as committees for the construction of places worship, because construction of houses of worship often becomes a conflict and a problem among the community.
- 5. Empowerment of religious and

community leaders, as well as the appointment of FKUB, both at the Regency/City and provincial levels.

Thus, implementing religious moderation is critical because religious moderation can create a harmonious, peaceful, and prosperous society.

# Reference

ABROR, M. (2020). MODERASI BERAGAMA DALAM BINGKAI TOLERANSI. RUSYDIAH: Jurnal Pemikiran Islam, 1(2), 143-155. https://doi.org/10.35961/rsd.v1i2.174

Akhmadi, A. (2019). Moderasi beragama dalam keragaman Indonesia. Inovasi-Jurnal Diklat Keagamaan, 13(2), 45-55.

- Alfarabi, A., & Suminar, P. (2021). The Stigm and Communication Pattern of Radical-Labelled Group Communication in Bengkulu. Mawa Izh Jurnal Dakwah Dan Pengembangan Sosial Kemanusiaan, 12(2), 228-249.
- Nurdin, "Model Moderasi Beragama Ali Berbasis Pesantren Salaf," ISLAMICA; Jurnal Studi Keislaman 14, no. 1 (2019): 82-102.
- Antaranews-detiknews, Minggu, 13 Feb 2022, WIB. 10:14 diakses melalui https://news.detik.com/berita/d-5940116/mui-kota-bengkulu-nonaktifkanjabatan-2-tersangka- teroris, tanggal 22-7-2022, pukul 08:33 WIB. Kontributor Bengkulu, Firmansyah, Editor: Gloria Setyvani Putri, Kompas.com-10/02/2022, 14:45 WIB, diakses dengan judul penangkapan teroris di Bengkulu melalui https://regional.kompas.com/read/2022/0
  - 2/10/144550078/densus-88-tangkap-3terduga-teroris-dibengkulusalahsatunya-dosen?page=all, tanggal 21/7/2022, pukul 21.42 WIB.
- FAISAL, Muhammad. MANAJEMEN PENDIDIKAN MODERASI BERAGAMA DI DIGITAL. ICRHD: Journal Internantional Conference on Religion, Humanity and Development, [S.I.], v. 1, n. 1, p. 195-202, apr. 2020. ISSN 2722-7812. Available <a href="http://confference.iainptk.ac.id/index.">http://confference.iainptk.ac.id/index.</a>

Vol. 10, No. 01, 2022

P-ISSN: 2355-5173 E-ISSN: 2656-9477

php/icrhd/article/view/17>. Date
accessed: 06 july 2023.

- Fahri, Mohamad, and Ahmad Zainuri. "Moderasi Beragama Di Indonesia". *Intizar* 25, no. 2 (April 28, 2020): 95-100. Accessed July 6, 2023. http://jurnal.radenfatah.ac.id/index.php/intizar/article/view/5640.
- Ferdian, F. (2018). Fungsi forum kerukunan umat beragama (FKUB) dalam sistem sosial penciptaan kerukunan umat beragama di Kabupaten Pasaman Barat. Islam Realitas: Journal of Islamic and Social Studies, 4(2), 136-147.
- Hanaviyah, J. (2018). Komunikasi Lintas Tokoh Agama Dalam Memelihara Kerukunan Umat Bergama (Studi Pada Forum Kerukunan Umat Beragama Kabupaten Pesawaran) (Doctoral dissertation, UIN Raden Intan Lampung).
- Hudaeby, W., Shoheh, M., Kibtiah, U. M., Agustini, M., & Anwar, A. S. (2021). Fenomena Salah Kaprah Dalam Memaknai Toleransi Beragama.
- Hefni, Wildani. "Moderasi Beragama Dalam Ruang Digital: Studi Pengarusutamaan Moderasi Beragama Di Perguruan Tinggi Keagamaan Islam Negeri". Jurnal Bimas Islam 13, no. 1 (July 21, 2020): 1–22. Accessed July 6, 2023.
  - https://jurnalbimasislam.kemenag.go.i d/jbi/article/view/182.
- Khairiah, K. (2020). Manajemen Multikultural Dalam Berpolitik. AL Imarah: Jurnal Pemerintahan dan Politik Islam, 5(2), 169-182.
- KRISTANTI, A., & SATMOKO ADI, A. (2019).
  PERAN FORUM KERUKUNAN UMAT
  BERAGAMA (FKUB) DALAM MENJAGA
  KERUKUNAN ANTARUMAT
  BERAGAMA DI KABUPATEN
  SIDOARJO. Kajian Moral Dan
  Kewarganegaraan, 7(2).
  https://doi.org/10.26740/kmkn.v7n2.p%
- Makalew, M. N., Sambiran, S., & Waworundeng, W. (2021). Koordinasi Antara Pemerintah Dan Forum Kerukunan Umat Beragama (FKUB) Dalam Menciptakan Kerukunan Umat

- Beragama di Kota Manado. GOVERNANCE, 1(1).
- Nurdin, F. (2021). Moderasi Beragama menurut Al-Qur'an dan Hadist. Jurnal Ilmiah Al-Mu ashirah: Media Kajian Al-Qur'an dan Al-Hadits Multi Perspektif, 18(1), 59-70.
- Nuryani, T., & Taufiq, A. (2019). Peran Forum Kerukunan Umat Beragama dalam Memelihara Toleransi Beragama Kota Salatiga Tahun 2018. Journal of Politic and Government Studies, 8(03), 381-390.
- Rahman, W. A. (2021). Strategi Komunikasi Forum Kerukunan Umat Beragama dalam Pengembangan Kerukunan Umat Beragama di Kabupaten Sleman. El Madani: Jurnal Dakwah Dan Komunikasi Islam, 2(02), 237-260.
- Siswanto, E., Muhyidin, S., & Islamy, A. (2022). Pancasila Dan Kerukunan Hidup Umat Beragama: Manifestasi Nilai-Nilai Pancasila Dalam Peran Forum Kerukunan Umat Bergama Kota Jayapura. INOVATIF: Jurnal Penelitian Pendidikan, Agama, Dan Kebudayaan, 8(1), 197-215.
- Suryawan, N. W., & Danial, E. (2016). Implementasi semangat persatuan pada masyarakat multikultural melalui agenda forum kerukunan umat beragama (fkub) kabupaten malang. HUMANIKA, 23(1), 46-60.
- Sutrisno, Edy. "Aktualisasi Moderasi Beragama Di Lembaga Pendidikan". *Jurnal Bimas Islam* 12, no. 2 (December 27, 2019): 323–348. Accessed July 6, 2023. <a href="https://jurnalbimasislam.kemenag.go.id/jbi/article/view/113">https://jurnalbimasislam.kemenag.go.id/jbi/article/view/113</a>.
- Syahril, (2017), Peranan Forum Komunikasi Umat Beragama Dalam MembinaKerukunan Umat Beragama di Kota Bengkulu, (Bengkulu: Jurnal Mantiq, 2017), h. 67.
- Taopan, N. F., Ly, P., & Lobo, L. (2020). Peran Forum Kerukunan Umat Beragama dalam Meningkatkan Kualitas Sikap Hidup Toleransi Antar Umat Beragama di Kota Kupang. Jurnal Pendidikan PKN

> (Pancasila Dan Kewarganegaraan), 1(1), 1-9.

Utami, N. W. (2016). Upaya Komunikasi Forum Kerukunan Umat Beragama (FKUB) dalam Resolusi Konfl ik Ahmadiyah. Jurnal Ilmu Komunikasi, 13(1), 61-72.